

INGLÉS I (A)

Apellidos _____ **Nombre** _____

DNI _____ **Fecha** _____

INSTRUCCIONES GENERALES

- Duración de la prueba: 1 hora.
- Mantenga su DNI en lugar visible durante la realización de la prueba.
- Lea detenidamente la prueba y responda únicamente a lo que se le pregunte.
- Cuide la presentación y la ortografía. Revise la prueba antes de entregarla.
- Cada ejercicio tiene asignado su calificación correspondiente.
- La audición se realizará tres veces en los tiempos que determine el tribunal.
- Esta prueba se calificará numéricamente entre 0 y 10.
- Para superar la materia de **INGLÉS I (A)**, deberá obtener una puntuación mínima de cinco puntos.

I. READING COMPREHENSION

CLIMATE CHANGE

In the past ten years, warmer-than-average temperatures have been recorded around the globe, and scientists warn that temperatures may rise by 1.8–4°C before the close of the century. It is believed that this recent climate change has been caused by human activity, and especially by the emission of greenhouse gases. However, climate change is nothing new, of course: in the past, the globe has experienced many fluctuations in temperature, some of which have been notably extreme.

So why should we be worried? In northern European countries, having milder summers even seems quite appealing! However, nearer the equator, the hot weather is making deserts expand, and putting water resources under pressure. In Spain, it is thought that nearly a third of the country may become dry and arid, and six percent of Spain's soil has already been lost to desert. In some of the world's poorest countries in Africa, desertification has already cost lives, with the reduction of fertile land exacerbating the pre-existing problems of drought and famine.

Climate change is affecting the coldest extremities of the world, too, melting the ice in the Arctic and Antarctic. This is currently having a negative effect on local animal populations, such as polar bears, and it is not yet known what the wider implications might be. One alarming theory suggests that rising sea levels may result in severe flooding in many countries, including the UK and the USA, and make coastal areas vulnerable to an increased risk of tidal waves and tsunamis.

One thing is certain: if we do not act now, the earth will continue to heat up, perhaps irreversibly. We must take better care of our planet – before the problem gets too hot to handle.

1) Read the text again and write TRUE or FALSE for these sentences. Copy the evidence from the text to justify your answer. No marks are given for only T or F (4x0.5p= 2 points)

1.a) Climate change is taking place for the first time in the planet's history. _____

1.b) In some areas, there are more deserts in our planet due to the heat. _____

1.c) Some animal species are already suffering as a consequence of climate change _____

1.d) Some people think that the risk of tsunamis will be more likely in some coasts. _____

2) Find words and phrases in the text, which match the definitions. (5x0.1=0.5 points)

2.a) INCREASE (Paragraph 1) _____

2.b) SOFTER (Paragraph 2) _____

2.c) CONSEQUENCES (Paragraph 3) _____

2.d) SURE (Paragraph 4) _____

2.e) MAYBE (Paragraph 4) _____

II. USE OF ENGLISH (2.5 points)

3) Rewrite the following sentences starting with the words given: (5x0.5= 2.5points)

A) The lawyer is translating all the documents. (Passive)

All the documents _____

B) I'm sorry I can't lend you money because I haven't got any. (Conditional)

If I _____

C) Nick was born in Brazil. His first language is Portuguese. (Relative Clause)

Nick, _____

D) It's a good idea for us to learn some useful expressions. (Modal)

We _____

E) "Are you concerned about climate change?" she asked me. (Reported speech)

He asked me _____

III. LISTENING (2.5 points)

4) Listen to this extract about some problems that young people have in the UK when they start working. Read the sentences and fill in the gaps. (0,25x2= 0,5 points)

a) Some young workers in the U.K. have to live with their parents because they cannot

_____ (3 words) or _____ (3 words)

5) Listen again to the conversation and decide if the following sentences are TRUE (T) or FALSE (F). (0,25x8=2 points)

	True	False
a) Around three million young British workers live with their parents		
b) A newspaper said the workers were like birds with shortened wings.		
c) Around 25% of young British adults live with parents or grandparents.		
d) Young British people have recently begun living apart from parents.		
e) The article mentioned a woman who has been saving for 32 years.		
f) A woman said she is worried about her future if she can't buy a house.		
g) The woman doesn't want to live like a teenager at the age of 40.		
h) A charity said it would build more houses for young people.		

IV. WRITING (2,5 points)

6) Write a composition of about 100 words on ONE of the following topics

A. What can we do to help the environment? Write a short composition about the topic.

This is some information you can include:

- ✓ What are the problems that we have with the environment?
- ✓ How can we solve these problems?
- ✓ Why is it important to take care of the environment?

B. Write about your ideal job. You can use this information to help you:

- ✓ Describe the type of things you will have to do in this job.
- ✓ Why would you like to work in this?
- ✓ Good and bad points about the job.

